#### **Physical Chemists**

are

# Frustrated by Real Solutions

Bob Eisenberg
October 13, 2015
Department of Molecular Biophysics
Rush University
Chicago

## " .... it is almost never valid to use Debye-Hückel theory ...

it is important to take proper account of

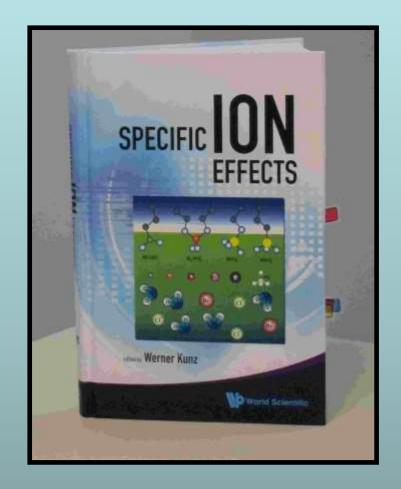
#### ion size

Stell, G. and C.G. Joslin *Biophys J, 1986.* 50(5): p. 855-859.

The classical text of Robinson and Stokes (not otherwise noted for its emotional content) gives a glimpse of these feelings when it says

"In regard to concentrated solutions, many workers adopt a counsel of despair, confining their interest to concentrations below about 0.02 M, ..."

p. 302 *Electrolyte Solutions* (1959) Butterworths, also Dover (2002), <u>emphasis added</u>



Kunz, W. "Specific Ion Effects"
World Scientific Singapore, 2009; p 11.



"It is still a fact that over the last decades,

it was easier to fly to the

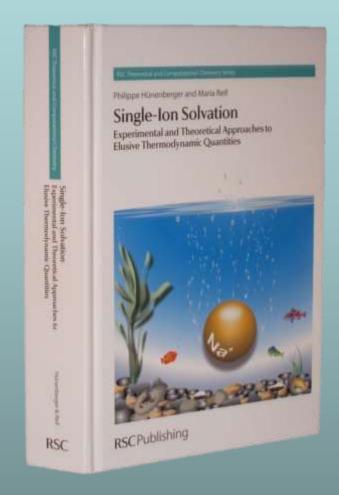
moon

than to describe the

free energy
of even the simplest salt
solutions

beyond a concentration of 0.1M or so."

#### **Electrolytes are Complex Fluids**



Hünenberger & Reif (2011)

"Single-Ion Solvation
... Approaches to Elusive\* Thermodynamic Quantities"

After 690 pages and 2604 references, properties of

SINGLE Ions are

**Elusive**\*

because

Every Ion Interacts
with
Everything

\*'elusive' is in the authors' choice in the title but **emphasis** is added

#### **Electrolytes are Complex Fluids**

Complex Fluid
as if it were a
Simple Fluid
will produce
Elusive Results

#### **Central Result of Physical Chemistry**

#### Ions

# in a solution are a Highly Compressible Plasma

### although the Solution is Incompressible

Free energy of an ionic solution is mostly determined by the Number density of the ions.

Density varies from 10<sup>-11</sup> to 10<sup>1</sup>M

in typical biological system of proteins, nucleic acids, and channels.

Learned from Doug Henderson, J.-P. Hansen, Stuart Rice, among others...Thanks!